

FLD in Action 2020 Annual Report



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PREFACE

Farmer Livelihood Development Organization (FLD) has more than 18-year experiences in agricultural-based livelihood development in Cambodia. Despite of the global funding decreased, FLD can security funding sources for its operation. Currently, FLD has been implementing its activities in the Pursat and Siem Reap provinces, northern provinces of Cambodia. To date, FLD has accumulatively been providing support 22,047 households with approximately 88,187 people from 10 provinces of Cambodia. These achievements made FLD become one of the well-known developmental organization in Cambodia.

The above achievements won't be made without staff efforts, donor commitment, community trust, and stakeholder's support. On behalf of beneficiaries and staff, it is an honor to recognize our deep gratitude to our partners and donors listed in this review. By working with us theirs and our intended missions are being realized for a better Cambodia

Koy Saran

Executive Director

Greater Community Project Phase II



- Project with financial contribution from beneficiaries constructed 88 toilets for 88 households from Bot Trach, Reussey Taman, O, Samrong and Samaki villages. There 434 people (130 men, 120 women, 96 boys, 110 girls, 5 MWDs, 5 WWDs, and 1 disable boys) are directly impacted by this activity.

- Project provided 106 sets of handwashing facilities to 106 households. Currently, there were 564 people (126 men, 141 women, 135 boys, 154 girls, and 3 WWDs) have regularly washed their hands with soaps before and after eating and after using toilets.



- project provided 5 training sessions on handwashing with soaps to 601 participants (96 men, 143 women, 169 boys, 189 girls, 2 MWDs and 1 WWD).

- Project conducted 5 awareness raising sessions on WASH for community members and primary school students. These sessions which were co-facilitated by the local VHSGs from the 5 target villages, were participated by 161 people (26 men, 77 women, 23 boys, 34 girls and 1 MWD). - project provided 5 training sessions on hygiene and sanitation to 167 participants (26 men, 77 women, 29 boys, 34 girls, 1 MWD) from the 5 target villages.



- Project also conducted 5 training sessions on community-led total sanitation (CLTS) which were attended by 120 people (24 men and 96 women) from the 5 target villages.



- project provided handwashing kits to 106 households (one kit per household) with 564 people (126 men, 141 women, 135 boys, 154 girls, 5 MWDs and 3WWDs).

- project provided 125 sets of materials for rainwater reservoirs' construction to 125 households with the total of 606 people (8,135 men; 178 women; 149 boys; 135 girls; 2 MWDs; 1 WWDs)

- project, with financial contribution from beneficiaries, constructed a community pond in Bot Trach village.

- project provided a training session on hygiene and sanitation to 25 village development committees from the five target villages.

- Project in collaboration with district governmental staff provided a gender promotion training to 21 committee members (11 men; 8 women and 2 men with disability) in five villages.

- During covid-19 pandemic, project provided emergency kits: 35kg of milled rice, 1 case of instance noodle and 10 fish can to 59 vulnerable HHs with ID poor (12 HHs in Reussey Taman, 11 HHs in Bot Trach, 12 HHs in O, 10 HHs in Samrong, and 14 HHs in Samaki villages). The total persons were directly affected by emergency supports were 276 persons (52 men; 82 women; 79 boys; 57 girls; 5 disable men and 1 disable woman).

- Five billboards on WASH installed in all 5 target villages (one each) expected to raise awareness on WASH to 3,112 people (454 men, 563 women, 942 boys, and 1,153 girls). Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) billboards are installed in five target villages.

Improving Nutrition, Food Security by Livelihood for Women and Children



- Project in collaboration with local health center staff conducted 6 trainings on health and hygiene to 158 community members (112 women).

- Project provided training on nutrition, access to food, IYCF (BFCI) and hygiene to beneficiaries which was participated by 2,829 mothers, fathers and grandparents; 2829 Kids participants (boys 1443, girls 1386).



- Project provided 8 coaching sessions on BFCI (IYCF), Colostrum, 3 group nutrition foods, cooking class, Breastfeeding, Food for pregnancy women and after women delivery, kept milk in safety baby, C-IMCI, ARI, Diarrhea, Danger fever, malaria, ANC, PNC, sanitation and hygiene to 107 VHSG members (69 women) from 30 villages.

- Project organized 3 cross visits to functioning MI WASH project to increase awareness about healthy hygiene and sanitation practices. There were 126 participants 126, VHSGs 33 members from 19 villages.



- Project conducted 71 awareness sessions on hygiene and health to 2439 community members (1939 women). At the same time, project distributed hygiene kits to 740 people (680 women).

- Project provided 3 training courses on agricultural promotion and livelihood improvement to 123 beneficiaries (women 106).

- Project provided 5 home gardening trainings and supported farming materials to 110 beneficiaries (90 women)

- Project provided 3 chicken raising trainings and supported for both materials and finance to 89 beneficiaries to start up chicken farming.



- Project provided system of rice intensification trainings and supported rice seed to 20 beneficiaries (15 women) in 20 villages.

Case Studies

An easiness after Receiving Latrine



A fifty-nine year-old blind farmer, Mr. Kert Sean, his wife, and two grandchildren live in Reussey Taman village, Boeung Kandal commune, Bakan district, Pursat province. He is from one of the vulnerable households who does not have the toilet due to lack of money for its construction. Sean, without a toilet, defecates ashamedly in an open field and is at risk of venomous animal bite. Having difficulty in surviving, his wife migrated shortly to Thailand to find an extra job. However, she could not earn any income due to manager cheated her. Sean takes care of two grandchildren without getting support from their parents. The toilet is an urgent need for his family, but he does not have money for its construction because

a small amount of the earned income is spent on basic needs such as clothes, food, medicine, and grandchildren's schools.

Sean participated in various meetings which were organized by the project and he understood the importance of hygiene and sanitation and how difficult it is to have no toilet. Farmer Livelihood Development (FLD) conducted a project orientation on latrine promotion in Reussey Taman village. Sean, who participated in the meeting, rose his concern and sought support from the project for latrine construction for his family.

FLD with financial support from CARITAS AUSTRALIA (ACR) coorporated with him to build a latrine on April 25, 2020. *"I am ecstatic about the support and grateful thank to FLD for the latrine. I now no longer worry about the risks and the embarassment we face with other people in the village. In addition, it*

provided me and my grandchildren with good health and convenient use. In addition, having a latrine is a dream of my grandchildren and my wish” said Mr. Sean. “I really appreciate the support for the latrine and my family regularly clean in and outside the toilet. Again, my family and I would like to thank the donor (ACR) who has supported the latrine construction through FLD. We will keep it clean for use in the long run”. He ended.

Household Economic Improvement from Home Gardening



Khun Chantrea, a 33-yearsold housewife, lives with husband and 3 children under 8 year sold in the Kouk Krouch village, Sambour commune, Kralanh district, Siem Reap province. Fishing is a main occupation of her family. After attending 2-day training on home gardening establishment, she learned and applied vegetable growing techniques to her farm.

“Before FLD provided the support, there were a lot of insects have been destroyed my crops. My cabbage was particularly a victim of the insects and worms. After applying the trained techniques, my plants are now safe.

Therefore, I have enough vegetables for household consumption, friends and neighbors. In addition, I earned extra income from selling vegetable seeds to neighbors for spending on medicine and children school's bills.”, said Chantrea.

Chantrea who has gained knowledge and experiences from farming practices is willing to share her experiences to community members. “ My children has enough vegetable to eat, so I will teach community members on how to grow vegetable to ensure their children have sufficient vegetable consumption”, said Chantrea.